



Myanmar Weekly Conflict Update (June 22 - 30, 2026)

Violence Against Civilians

45	Civilians Killed	42	Civilians Arrested
19	Womens Killed	168	Houses Burnt Down
17	Childrens Killed	191	Aerial Assaults

Civilian Casualties

In the last week of June, 45 civilians were killed in airstrikes and artillery attacks carried out by the military junta across five states and four regions of Myanmar, including 19 women and 17 children.

Civilian's Houses Burnt Down

In the last week of June, 168 houses were burned down by the military junta in three regions of Myanmar: 90 houses in Magway Region, 70 houses in Bago Region, and 8 houses in Sagaing Region.

Civilian Arrest

In the last week of June, 42 civilians were arrested in three states and four regions in Myanmar. This included 20 in Sagaing Region, 6 in Rakhine State, 5 each in Mon State and Yangon Region, 4 in Irrawaddy Region, and 1 each in Bago Region and Mandalay Region.

Aerial Assaults Against Civilian Targets

In the last week of June, the military junta conducted 191 airstrikes in five states and four regions in Myanmar. These included 102 in Chin State, 30 in Mon State, 20 in Sagaing Region, 12 in Magway Region, 8 in southern Shan State, 7 in Tanintharyi Region, 5 each in Karenni State and Rakhine State, and 2 in Mandalay Region.

Civilian Killed

In the last week of June, 45 civilians were killed in five states and four regions in Myanmar. This included 13 in Magway Region, 12 in Sagaing Region, 6 each in Chin State and Mon State, 2 each in Bago Region, Karenni State and Rakhine State, and 1 each in Kachin State and Mandalay Region.

Combatant Casualties

136	Military Soldiers Killed
13	PDF's Soldiers Killed
65	Military Engagements

Conflicts and Casualties of Combatants

In the last week of June 2026, there were 65 major and minor clashes, including drone strikes. Chin State recorded the highest number of clashes, with 14. Karen State and Magway Region followed with 11 each. Bago Region had 8, Southern Shan State had 7, Irrawaddy Region had 6, and Kachin State, Mandalay Region, Rakhine State, and Sagaing Region had 2 each. Karenni State, Mon State, Northern Shan State, Tanintharyi Region, and Yangon Region had no clashes.

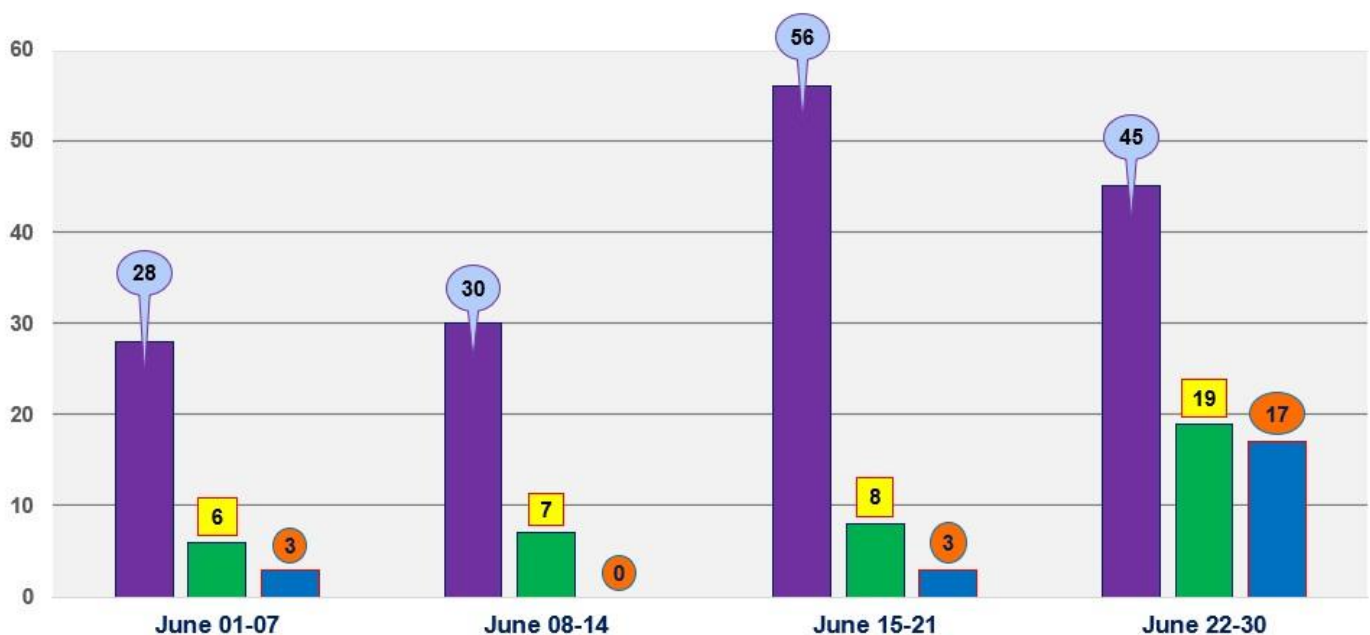
In the last week of June, 136 junta soldiers and 13 fighters from the Revolutionary Joint Force were killed in fighting.

All information provided is based on local news reports published between June 22th and 30th 2026.

Civilian, Women, and Children Deaths

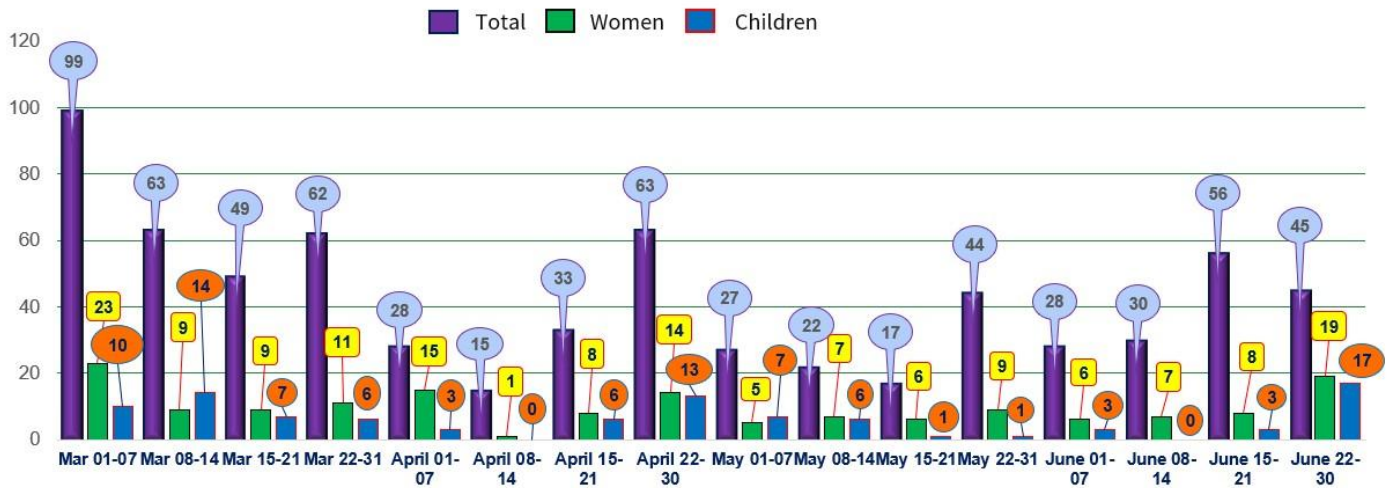
(Last 4 Weeks)

■ Total ■ Women ■ Children



Civilian, Women, and Children Deaths

(Last 4 Months)



Military Developments

Operations by AA and Joint Forces

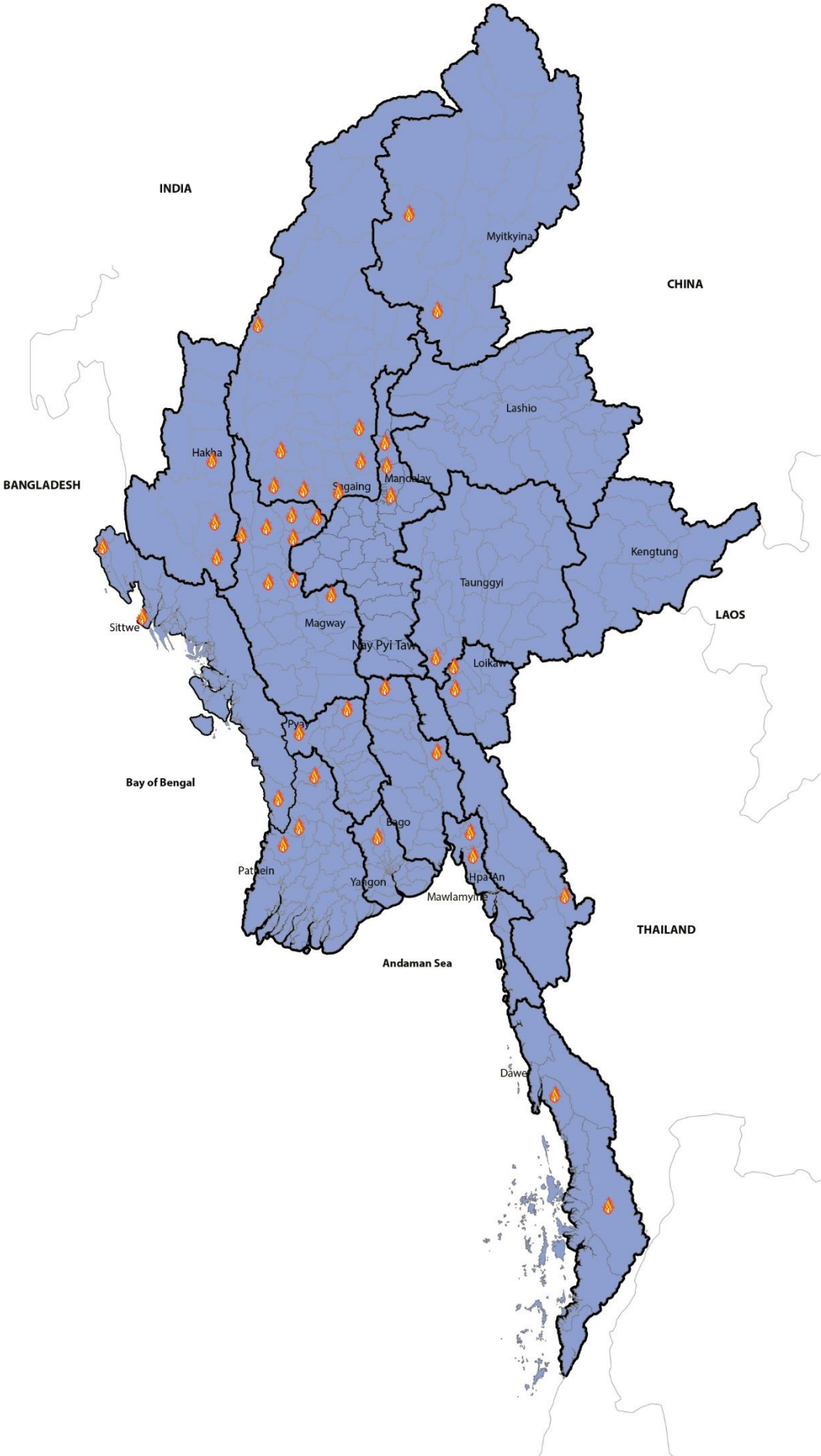
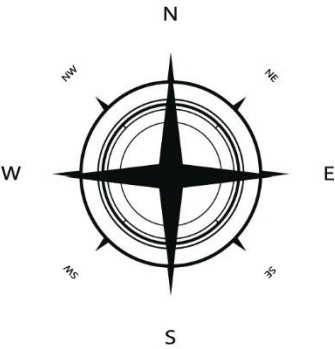
The AA captured the military junta's Point 288 hill in Ye Kyi Township, Irrawaddy Region on June 17, Point 188 hill on June 19, and Point 148 hill on June 21, one after another, seizing jammers, Starlink internet devices, and a large quantity of weapons and ammunition from the camp.

On June 21, at least three camps around the main checkpoint 500 meters from the No. (16) Defense Equipment Manufacturing Factory (KPF 16) in Padaung Township, Bago Region, were attacked and captured by the Arakan Army (AA) joint forces; a large amount of weapons and ammunition were seized.

Conflict Data By Region

Data of Myanmar Conflict 22-30, June 2026								
States	Clashes between SAC and PDF/EAOs	Air Strike	SAC's soldiers killed	PDF killed	Children killed	Civilians killed	Civilians arrested	Houses burned down
BAGO	8		8	1		2	1	70
CHIN	14	102			4	2		
IRRAWADDY	6		2				4	
KACHIN	2					1		
KAREN	11							
KARENNI		5			2			
MAGWAY	11	12	72		3	10		90
MANDALAY	2	2	10			1	1	
MON		30			3	3	5	
RAKHINE	2	5			1	1	6	
SAGAING	2	20	15	10	4	8	20	8
SHAN (S)	7	8	29	2				
TANINTHARYI		7						
YANGON							5	
TOTAL	65	191	136	13	17	28	42	168

Map of Myanmar Conflict (June 22-30, 2026)



Glossary

AAPP (Assistance Association for Political Prisoners)

A human rights organization tracking political prisoners in Myanmar and releasing updates on arrests and killings since the coup.

ABSFU (All Burma Federation of Student Unions)

An organization founded by Aung San at Rangoon University advocating for academic freedom, student rights, and democracy.

ACRP (Asian Conference of Religions for Peace)

A non-governmental organization promoting peace and disarmament issues, affiliated with the UN.

AA (Arakan Army)

An ethnic armed organization based in Rakhine State and the military wing of the United League of Arakan.

ARSA (Arakan Rohingya Salvation Army)

A Rohingya insurgent group active in northern Rakhine State, originally called Harakah al-Yaqin.

Aung San

The founder of Myanmar's Armed Forces, an independence hero, and the Father of the Nation of modern-day Myanmar.

Aung San Suu Kyi (ASSK)

A Nobel Laureate, democracy icon, and former leader of the National League for Democracy, currently imprisoned by the junta.

Burma Socialist Programme Party (BSPP)

The only legal party after the 1962 coup, dissolved in 1988, and a precursor to the National Unity Party.

CDM (Civil Disobedience Movement)

A movement initiated by healthcare workers and civil servants opposing the military regime after the 2021 coup.

CRPH (Committee Representing Pyidaungsu Hluttaw)

A body created by ousted parliament members and citizens rejecting the military government's legitimacy.

Gen Z Burma

A youth-led movement campaigning against the military junta.

GSCN (General Strike Committee of Nationalities)

A coalition coordinating anti-coup protests among opposition groups and ethnic forces.

Junta

A military or political group ruling a country after seizing power by force.

MEHL (Myanmar Economic Holdings Public Company Limited)

A conglomerate owned and operated by Myanmar's military.

MEC (Myanmar Economic Corporation)

Another conglomerate owned and managed by Myanmar's military was targeted by the CDM.

Ministry of Communications, Posts, and Telegraphs

The junta-controlled ministry is responsible for restricting freedom of speech and press.

Myo Yan Naung Thein

A pro-democracy advocate, former NLD strategist, and ex-political prisoner.

NLD (National League for Democracy)

A liberal democratic political party was overthrown in the 2021 military coup after winning the 2020 elections.

NUG (National Unity Government)

An exiled government formed by the CRPH, composed of ousted MPs and ethnic leaders opposing the junta.

NUCC (National Unity Consultative Council)

A platform uniting forces for a federal democracy, including NLD members, CDM groups, and civil society organizations.

PDF (People's Defense Force)

The armed wing of the NUG defended civilians and was seen as a precursor to a Federal Union Army.

Rohingya

A stateless, persecuted ethnic group in Myanmar's Rakhine State, victims of genocide by the military.

SAC (State Administration Council)

The name of the military-appointed junta government.

SAC-M (Special Advisory Council for Myanmar)

An international group promoting human rights, democracy, and accountability in Myanmar.

Spring Revolution

A nationwide protest movement against the 2021 military coup.

Tatmadaw

The military forces of Myanmar, are regarded by many as a terrorist organization.

UEC (Union Election Commission)

The junta accused the government body overseeing elections of failing to prevent alleged voter fraud in 2020.

Union Solidarity and Development Party (USDP)

The military's proxy political party, which lost to the NLD in 2020.

UNHRC (United Nations Human Rights Council)

A global organization promoting and protecting human rights worldwide.

United Nations International Court of Justice (ICJ)

The judicial organ of the UN is tasked with preventing genocidal acts against the Rohingya.

22222

The massive general strike held on February 22, 2022, showed widespread discontent against the junta.

8888 (8/8/88)

The historic uprising on August 8, 1988, was organized against the military junta, inspiring later movements like the 22222 strike.

969 Movement

A Buddhist extremist nationalist movement opposing Islam in Myanmar and supporting the military.

Sources

The Irrawaddy, RFA, Ayeyarwaddy Times, D Day News, Myanmar Pressphoto Agency, Khit Thit Media, Narinjara, Mizzima, Myanmar Now, DVB, BBC, MeKong News, ThanLwin Times, PVTv, Khonumthung Burmese.



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