



## Myanmar Weekly Conflict Update (June 08 - 14, 2026)

### Violence Against Civilians

|    |                  |     |                    |
|----|------------------|-----|--------------------|
| 30 | Civilians Killed | 24  | Civilians Arrested |
| 7  | Womens Killed    | 357 | Houses Burnt Down  |
| 0  | Childrens Killed | 57  | Aerial Assaults    |

### Civilian Casualties

In the second week of June, 30 civilians were killed in airstrikes and artillery attacks carried out by the military junta across 1 state and 4 regions of Myanmar, including 7 women.

### Civilian's Houses Burnt Down

In Myanmar, 357 houses were burned down by the military junta in the second week of June in 1 state and 2 regions. This includes 200 houses in Bago Region, 152 houses in Sagaing Region, and 5 houses in southern Shan State.

## **Civilian Arrest**

In Myanmar, 24 civilians were arrested in the second week of June in two states and two regions. Twelve arrests occurred in Mon State, seven in Rakhine State, three in Magway Region, and two in Irrawaddy Region.

## **Aerial Assaults Against Civilian Targets**

The military junta carried out 57 airstrikes in three states and four regions in Myanmar during the second week of June. Forty-five airstrikes occurred in Chin State, four in Magway Region, three in Sagaing Region, two in Rakhine State, and one each in Bago Region, Mon State, and Tanintharyi Region.

## **Civilian Killed**

In the second week of June, 30 civilians were killed across 1 state and 4 regions in Myanmar. Four were killed in Tanintharyi Region, 13 in Kachin State and Magway Region, 12 in Sagaing Region, three in Tanintharyi Region, and one each in Bago Region and Mon State.

## **Combatant Casualties**

|     |                          |
|-----|--------------------------|
| 200 | Military Soldiers Killed |
| 6   | PDF's Soldiers Killed    |
| 61  | Military Engagements     |

## Conflicts and Casualties of Combatants

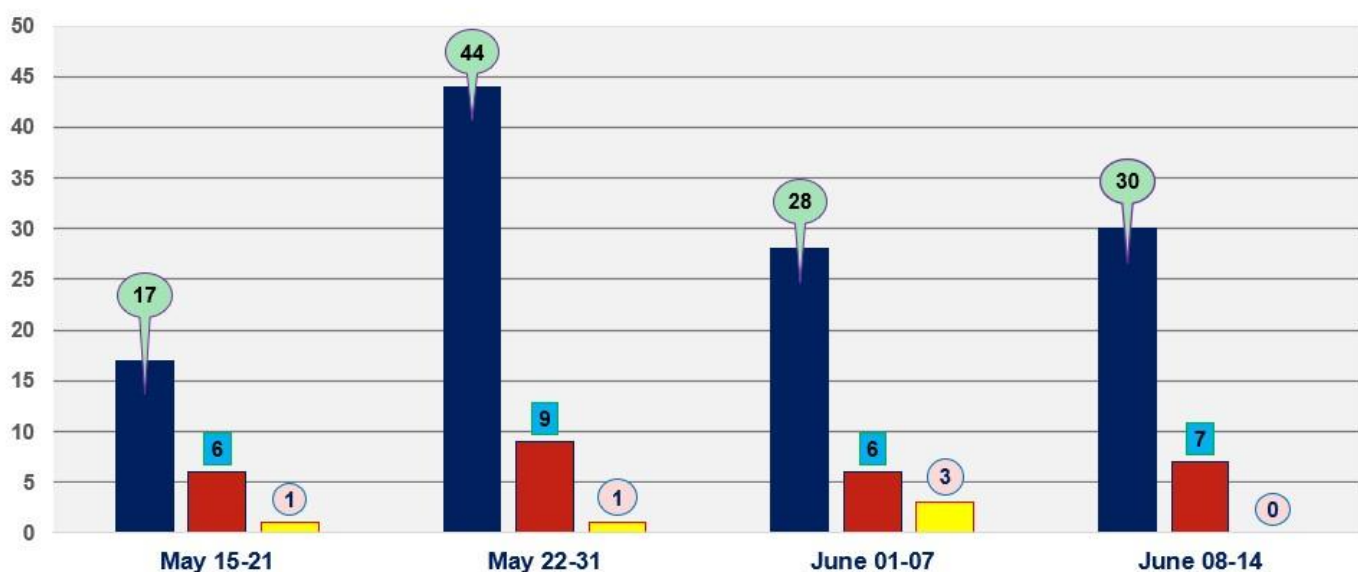
In the second week of June 2026, there were 61 major and minor clashes, including drone strikes. Rakhine State recorded the highest number of clashes with 16. Bago Region had the second highest with 11. Magway Region had 8, Chin State had 6, Mandalay Region had 5, Kachin State and Sagaing Region had 4 each, Irrawaddy Region had 3, and Karen State, Karenni State, northern Shan State, and Tanintharyi Region had 1 each. Mon State, southern Shan State, and Yangon Region reported no clashes.

During the second week of June, 200 junta soldiers and 6 fighters from the Joint Resistance Force were killed in fighting.

**All information provided is based on local news reports published between June 08<sup>th</sup> and 14<sup>th</sup> 2026.**

## Civilian, Women, and Children Deaths ( Last 4 Weeks )

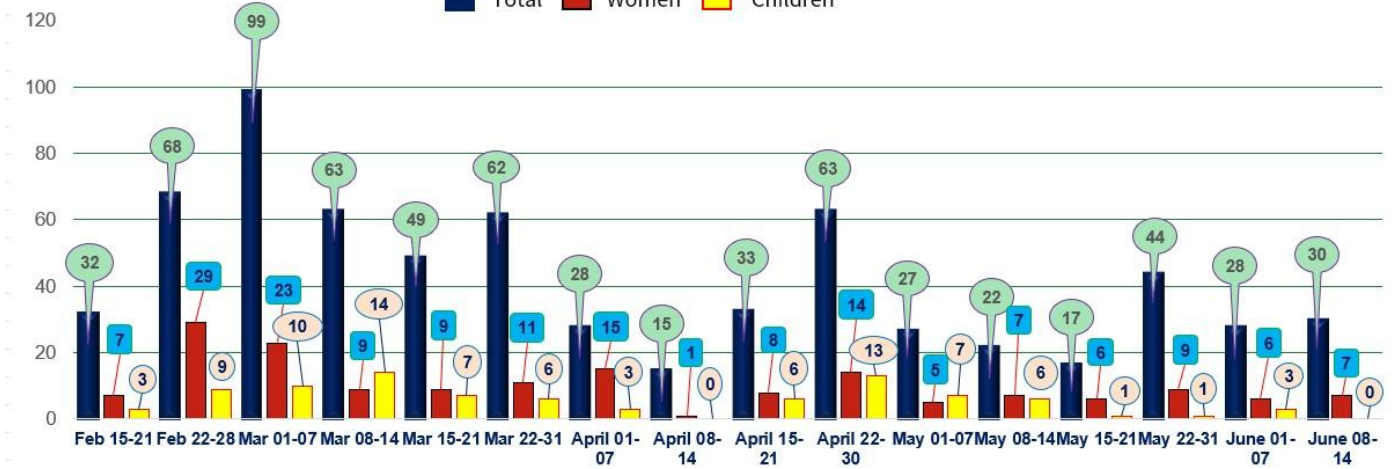
■ Total ■ Women ■ Children



## Civilian, Women, and Children Deaths

( Last 4 Months )

■ Total ■ Women ■ Children



## Military Developments

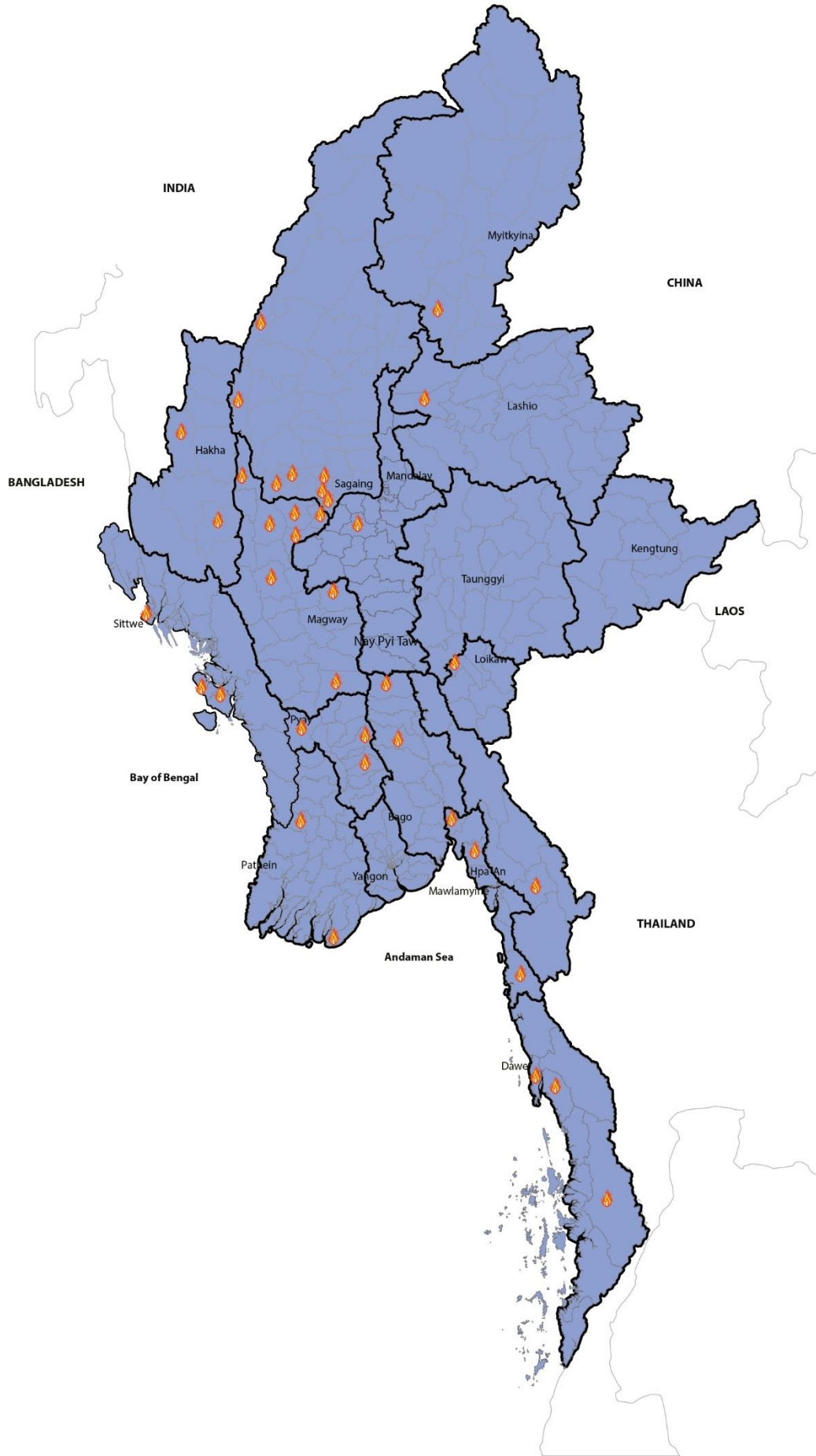
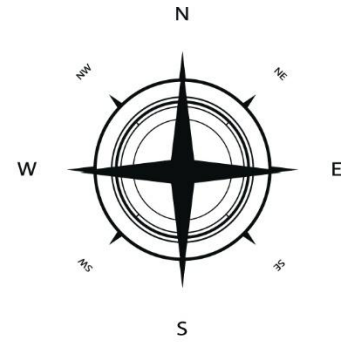
### Operations by PDF and Joint Forces

On June 10, the People's Defense Forces (PDF) attacked the Myitche Police Station in Pakokku Township, Magway Region, completely overrunning and destroying the entire station. The operation resulted in two junta soldiers killed and 14 captured as prisoners of war, along with the seizure of weapons and ammunition.

## Conflict Data By Region

| Data of Myanmar Conflict 08-14, June 2026 |                                  |            |                       |            |                 |                  |                    |                    |
|-------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------|-----------------------|------------|-----------------|------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| States                                    | Clashes between SAC and PDF/EAOs | Air Strike | SAC's soldiers killed | PDF killed | Children killed | Civilians killed | Civilians arrested | Houses burned down |
| BAGO                                      | 11                               | 1          | 23                    | 2          |                 | 1                |                    | 200                |
| CHIN                                      | 6                                | 45         |                       | 1          |                 |                  |                    |                    |
| IRRAWADDY                                 | 3                                |            | 9                     |            |                 |                  | 2                  |                    |
| KACHIN                                    | 4                                |            |                       |            |                 |                  |                    |                    |
| KAREN                                     | 1                                |            | 2                     |            |                 |                  |                    |                    |
| KARENNI                                   | 1                                |            |                       | 1          |                 |                  |                    |                    |
| MAGWAY                                    | 8                                | 4          | 75                    |            |                 | 13               | 3                  |                    |
| MANDALAY                                  | 5                                |            | 15                    |            |                 |                  |                    |                    |
| MON                                       |                                  | 1          |                       |            |                 | 1                | 12                 |                    |
| RAKHINE                                   | 16                               | 2          | 20                    |            |                 |                  | 7                  |                    |
| SAGAING                                   | 4                                | 3          | 56                    | 2          |                 | 12               |                    | 152                |
| SHAN ( N )                                | 1                                |            |                       |            |                 |                  |                    | 5                  |
| TANINTHARYI                               | 1                                | 1          |                       |            |                 | 3                |                    |                    |
| <b>TOTAL</b>                              | <b>61</b>                        | <b>57</b>  | <b>200</b>            | <b>6</b>   | <b>0</b>        | <b>30</b>        | <b>24</b>          | <b>357</b>         |

## Map of Myanmar Conflict ( June 08-14 , 2026 )



## Glossary

### **AAPP (Assistance Association for Political Prisoners)**

A human rights organization tracking political prisoners in Myanmar and releasing updates on arrests and killings since the coup.

### **ABSFU (All Burma Federation of Student Unions)**

An organization founded by Aung San at Rangoon University advocating for academic freedom, student rights, and democracy.

### **ACRP (Asian Conference of Religions for Peace)**

A non-governmental organization promoting peace and disarmament issues, affiliated with the UN.

### **AA (Arakan Army)**

An ethnic armed organization based in Rakhine State and the military wing of the United League of Arakan.

### **ARSA (Arakan Rohingya Salvation Army)**

A Rohingya insurgent group active in northern Rakhine State, originally called Harakah al-Yaqin.

### **Aung San**

The founder of Myanmar's Armed Forces, an independence hero, and the Father of the Nation of modern-day Myanmar.

### **Aung San Suu Kyi (ASSK)**

A Nobel Laureate, democracy icon, and former leader of the National League for Democracy, currently imprisoned by the junta.

### **Burma Socialist Programme Party (BSPP)**

The only legal party after the 1962 coup, dissolved in 1988, and a precursor to the National Unity Party.

### **CDM (Civil Disobedience Movement)**

A movement initiated by healthcare workers and civil servants opposing the military regime after the 2021 coup.

### **CRPH (Committee Representing Pyidaungsu Hluttaw)**

A body created by ousted parliament members and citizens rejecting the military government's legitimacy.

### **Gen Z Burma**

A youth-led movement campaigning against the military junta.

### **GSCN (General Strike Committee of Nationalities)**

A coalition coordinating anti-coup protests among opposition groups and ethnic forces.

### **Junta**

A military or political group ruling a country after seizing power by force.

**MEHL (Myanmar Economic Holdings Public Company Limited)**

A conglomerate owned and operated by Myanmar's military.

**MEC (Myanmar Economic Corporation)**

Another conglomerate owned and managed by Myanmar's military was targeted by the CDM.

**Ministry of Communications, Posts, and Telegraphs**

The junta-controlled ministry is responsible for restricting freedom of speech and press.

**Myo Yan Naung Thein**

A pro-democracy advocate, former NLD strategist, and ex-political prisoner.

**NLD (National League for Democracy)**

A liberal democratic political party was overthrown in the 2021 military coup after winning the 2020 elections.

**NUG (National Unity Government)**

An exiled government formed by the CRPH, composed of ousted MPs and ethnic leaders opposing the junta.

**NUCC (National Unity Consultative Council)**

A platform uniting forces for a federal democracy, including NLD members, CDM groups, and civil society organizations.

**PDF (People's Defense Force)**

The armed wing of the NUG defended civilians and was seen as a precursor to a Federal Union Army.

**Rohingya**

A stateless, persecuted ethnic group in Myanmar's Rakhine State, victims of genocide by the military.

**SAC (State Administration Council)**

The name of the military-appointed junta government.

**SAC-M (Special Advisory Council for Myanmar)**

An international group promoting human rights, democracy, and accountability in Myanmar.

**Spring Revolution**

A nationwide protest movement against the 2021 military coup.

**Tatmadaw**

The military forces of Myanmar, are regarded by many as a terrorist organization.

**UEC (Union Election Commission)**

The junta accused the government body overseeing elections of failing to prevent alleged voter fraud in 2020.

**Union Solidarity and Development Party (USDP)**

The military's proxy political party, which lost to the NLD in 2020.

**UNHRC (United Nations Human Rights Council)**

A global organization promoting and protecting human rights worldwide.

## **United Nations International Court of Justice (ICJ)**

The judicial organ of the UN is tasked with preventing genocidal acts against the Rohingya.

## **22222**

The massive general strike held on February 22, 2022, showed widespread discontent against the junta.

## **8888 (8/8/88)**

The historic uprising on August 8, 1988, was organized against the military junta, inspiring later movements like the 22222 strike.

## **969 Movement**

A Buddhist extremist nationalist movement opposing Islam in Myanmar and supporting the military.

## **Sources**

The Irrawaddy, RFA, Ayeyarwaddy Times, D Day News, Myanmar Pressphoto Agency, Khit Thit Media, Narinjara, Mizzima, Myanmar Now, DVB, BBC, MeKong News, ThanLwin Times, PVTv, Khonumthung Burmese.



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