



Myanmar Weekly Conflict Update (July 15 - 21, 2025)

Violence Against Civilians

| | | | |
|-----------|-------------------------|------------|---------------------------|
| 57 | Civilians Killed | 132 | Civilians Arrested |
| 29 | Womens Killed | 11 | Houses Burnt Down |
| 12 | Childrens Killed | 40 | Aerial Assaults |

Civilian Casualties

In eight states and regions in Myanmar, 57 civilians, including 12 children and 29 women, were killed in airstrikes and heavy artillery attacks by the Military Council.

Civilian’s Houses Burnt Down

In the Mandalay Region of Myanmar, 11 houses were destroyed by arson, reportedly by the Military Council.

Civilian Arrest

In Myanmar, 132 civilians were arrested across one state and 4 regions : 100 in Mandalay Region, 20 in Kachin State, 10 in Magway Region, 1 in Tanintharyi Region, and 1 in Yangon Region.

Civilian Killed

57 civilians were killed across eight states and regions in Myanmar: 28 in Sagaing Region, 12 in Karenni State, 4 each in Mandalay Region and Tanintharyi Region, 3 each in Northern Shan State, 2 in Kachin State, and 1 in Karen State.

Aerial Assaults Against Civilian Targets

The Military Council conducted 40 airstrikes in nine states and regions in Myanmar. These included 14 in Northern Shan State, 9 in Mandalay Region, 5 each in Karen and Karenni States, 3 in Sagaing Region, and 1 each in Bago Region, Magway Region, Mon State, Southern Shan State, and Tanintharyi Region.

Combatant Casualties

| | |
|-----------|------------------------------|
| 96 | SAC's Soldiers Killed |
| 2 | PDF's Soldiers Killed |
| 52 | Military Engagements |

Conflicts and Casualties of Combatants

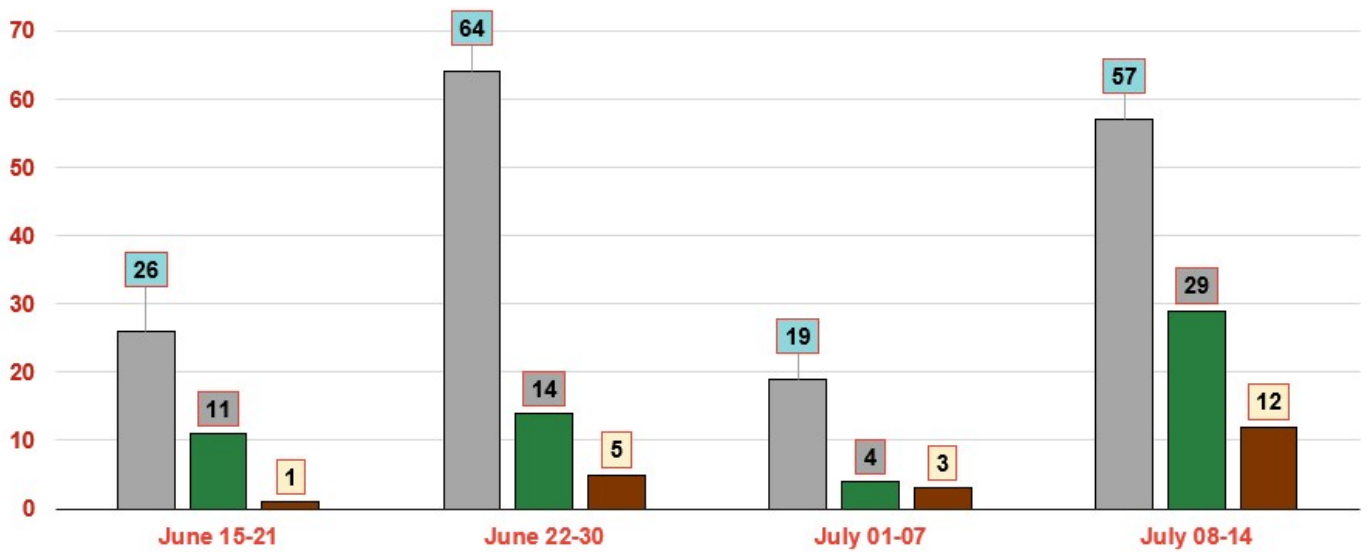
There were 52 major and minor clashes, including drone strikes. The highest number of clashes occurred in Karen State, with 10. Sagaing Region had the second-highest number of clashes, with 9. Northern Shan State had 6, Bago Region had 5, and Magway Region, Mandalay Region, Rakhine State, and Tanintharyi Region had 4 each. Kachin State had 3, while Irrawaddy Region, Karenni State, and Mon State had 1 each. Chin State, Southern Shan State, and Yangon Region had no clashes.

96 members of the Military Council and 2 comrades from the Revolutionary Joint Force were killed in fighting.

All information provided is based on local news reports published between July 8th and 14th 2025.

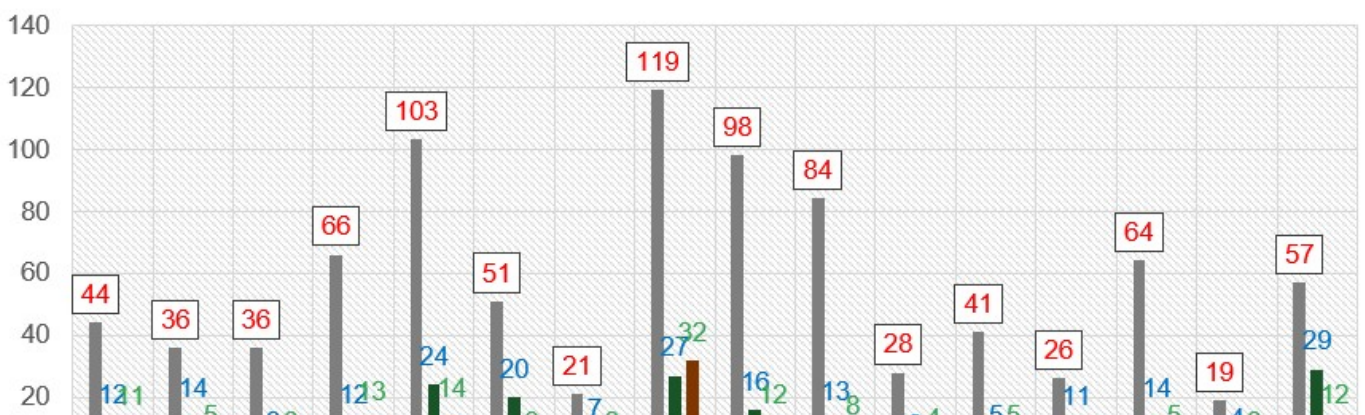
Civilian, Women, and Children Deaths (Last 4 Weekss)

■ Total ■ Women ■ Children



Civilian, Women, and Children Deaths (Last 4 Months)

■ Total ■ Women ■ Children



Political Developments

The Myanmar Space Agency (MSA) has been established by the Military Council to implement space-related activities under the direct command of military leader Senior General Min Aung Hlaing, according to the Myanmar Gazette published on July 4.

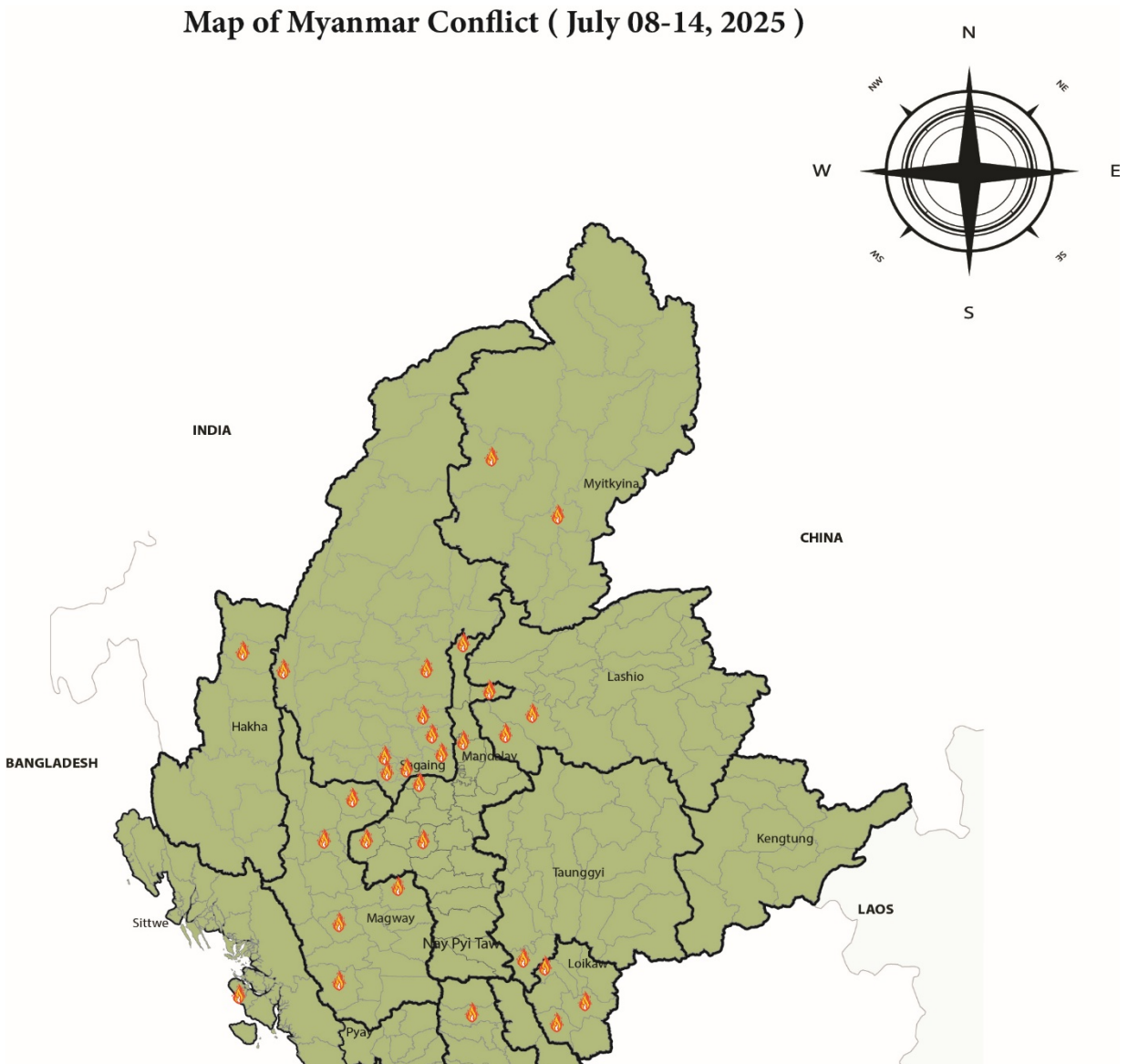
ASEAN Secretary-General Dr. Kao Kim Hourn met separately with U Kyaw Nyunt Oo, Acting Secretary of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Myanmar Military Council, in Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia, on July 9.

Conflict Data By Region

| Data of Myanmar Conflict 08-14, July 2025 | | | | | | | | |
|---|---------------------------------|------------|-----------------------|------------|-----------------|------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| States | Clashes between SAC and PDF/EOs | Air Strike | SAC's soldiers killed | PDF killed | Children killed | Civilians killed | Civilians arrested | Houses burned down |
| BAGO | 5 | | 11 | | | | | |
| IRRAWADDY | 1 | | 1 | | | | | |
| KACHIN | 3 | | 17 | | | 2 | 20 | |
| KAREN | 10 | 5 | | 1 | | 1 | | |
| KARENNI | 1 | 5 | | | 3 | 9 | | |

| | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|----------|-----------|-----------|------------|-----------|
| MAGWAY | 4 | 1 | 17 | | | | 10 | |
| MANDALAY | 4 | 9 | 19 | | 2 | 2 | 100 | 11 |
| MON | 1 | 1 | 3 | | | | | |
| RAKHINE | 4 | | | | | | | |
| SAGAING | 9 | 3 | 23 | 1 | 3 | 25 | | |
| SHAN (N) | 6 | 14 | | | | 3 | | |
| SHAN (S) | | 1 | | | 1 | 2 | | |
| TANINTHARYI | 4 | 1 | 5 | | 3 | 1 | 1 | |
| YANGON | | | | | | | 1 | |
| TOTAL | 52 | 40 | 96 | 2 | 12 | 45 | 132 | 11 |

Map of Myanmar Conflict (July 08-14, 2025)



Glossary

AAPP (Assistance Association for Political Prisoners)

A human rights organization tracking political prisoners in Myanmar and releasing updates on arrests and killings since the coup.

ABSFU (All Burma Federation of Student Unions)

An organization founded by Aung San at Rangoon University advocating for academic freedom, student rights, and democracy.

ACRP (Asian Conference of Religions for Peace)

A non-governmental organization promoting peace and disarmament issues, affiliated with the UN.

AA (Arakan Army)

An ethnic armed organization based in Rakhine State and the military wing of the United League of Arakan.

ARSA (Arakan Rohingya Salvation Army)

A Rohingya insurgent group active in northern Rakhine State, originally called Harakah al-Yaqin.

Aung San

The founder of Myanmar's Armed Forces, an independence hero, and the Father of the Nation of modern-day Myanmar.

Aung San Suu Kyi (ASSK)

A Nobel Laureate, democracy icon, and former leader of the National League for Democracy, currently imprisoned by the junta.

Burma Socialist Programme Party (BSPP)

The only legal party after the 1962 coup, dissolved in 1988, and a precursor to the National Unity Party.

CDM (Civil Disobedience Movement)

A movement initiated by healthcare workers and civil servants opposing the military regime after the 2021 coup.

CRPH (Committee Representing Pyidaungsu Hluttaw)

A body created by ousted parliament members and citizens rejecting the military government's legitimacy.

Gen Z Burma

A youth-led movement campaigning against the military junta.

GSCN (General Strike Committee of Nationalities)

A coalition coordinating anti-coup protests among opposition groups and ethnic forces.

Junta

A military or political group ruling a country after seizing power by force.

MEHL (Myanmar Economic Holdings Public Company Limited)

A conglomerate owned and operated by Myanmar's military.

MEC (Myanmar Economic Corporation)

Another conglomerate owned and managed by Myanmar's military was targeted by the CDM.

Min Aung Hlaing

The military commander-in-chief was internationally condemned for his role in military attacks on ethnic minorities.

Ministry of Communications, Posts, and Telegraphs

The junta-controlled ministry is responsible for restricting freedom of speech and press.

Myint Swe

A vice president who declared a state of emergency during the coup and transferred power to Min Aung Hlaing.

Myo Yan Naung Thein

A pro-democracy advocate, former NLD strategist, and ex-political prisoner.

NLD (National League for Democracy)

A liberal democratic political party was overthrown in the 2021 military coup after winning the 2020 elections.

NUG (National Unity Government)

An exiled government formed by the CRPH, composed of ousted MPs and ethnic leaders opposing the junta.

NUCC (National Unity Consultative Council)

A platform uniting forces for a federal democracy, including NLD members, CDM groups, and civil society organizations.

PDF (People's Defense Force)

The armed wing of the NUG defended civilians and was seen as a precursor to a Federal Union Army.

Rohingya

A stateless, persecuted ethnic group in Myanmar's Rakhine State, victims of genocide by the military.

SAC (State Administration Council)

The name of the military-appointed junta government.

SAC-M (Special Advisory Council for Myanmar)

An international group promoting human rights, democracy, and accountability in Myanmar.

Spring Revolution

A nationwide protest movement against the 2021 military coup.

Tatmadaw

The military forces of Myanmar, are regarded by many as a terrorist organization.

UEC (Union Election Commission)

The junta accused the government body overseeing elections of failing to prevent alleged voter fraud in 2020.

Union Solidarity and Development Party (USDP)

The military's proxy political party, which lost to the NLD in 2020.

UNHRC (United Nations Human Rights Council)

A global organization promoting and protecting human rights worldwide.

United Nations International Court of Justice (ICJ)

The judicial organ of the UN is tasked with preventing genocidal acts against the Rohingya.

22222

The massive general strike held on February 22, 2022, showed widespread discontent against the junta.

8888 (8/8/88)

The historic uprising on August 8, 1988, was organized against the military junta, inspiring later movements like the 22222 strike.

969 Movement

A Buddhist extremist nationalist movement opposing Islam in Myanmar and supporting the military.

Sources

The Irrawaddy, RFA, Ayeyarwaddy Times, D Day News, Myanmar Pressphoto Agency, Khit Thit Media, Narinjara, Mizzima, Myanmar Now, DVB, BBC, MeKong News, ThanLwin Times, PVTV, Khonumthung Burmese.



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